

### **POLICE DEPARTMENT**

TRAINING & PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

#### PERSONNEL PROCEDURE #305

Responsible Executive: Chief of Police Responsible Office: Vice President for Public Safety Approved by: Dr. Branville G. Bard Jr. Issued: 07/25/2024 Revised: N/A

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### **Policy Statement**

The Johns Hopkins Police Department (JHPD) understands that training is the foundation on which the success of all its activities is based. The JHPD recognizes that from the time members are hired and through the end of their career, regular, quality education and training will positively impact every aspect of their job performance. For those reasons, the Johns Hopkins Public Safety (JHPS) Training Section will collaborate to provide entry-level, specialized, and advanced training opportunities for all members of the JHPD and shall ensure the continuous development of educational programing that meets or exceeds the requirements of the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC), the Community Safety and Strengthening Act, and other regulatory requirements.

### Who Is Governed by This Policy

All personnel, including sworn, nonsworn, and contractual or voluntary persons in service with the JHPD, are governed by this Directive.

### **Purpose**

To establish procedures that ensure the training of all members of the JHPD meets or exceeds the mandated standards of the MPTSC and provide robust educational and development opportunities to increase the knowledge, skills, and abilities of all members of the JHPD.

### Definitions

Daily Briefings:	A supplement to in-service training during which information is				
	shared or clarified during roll calls. Topics and activities for daily				
	briefings are determined by police managers, supervisors,				
	investigators, and/or trainers; can vary in frequency and duration;				
	and will be scheduled as needed. The learning activity may include				
	a wide variety of techniques such as lecture, video, written				
	documents to be distributed, audio, and/or discussion.				
In-Service Training:	Job-related instruction offered by the JHPD, Johns Hopkins				
m-service framing.	Hospital, and Johns Hopkins University (JHU) Training Specialists				
	designed to enhance or refresh basic skills and provide additional				
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	knowledge, skills, and abilities to maintain competence and MPTSC				
<b>.</b>	compliance in job assignments.				
Learning	A software or virtual application, such as PowerDMS, that is used				
Management System	for the administration, documentation, tracking, reporting, and				
(LMS):	delivery of educational courses or learning programs.				
Lesson Plans:	Written documentation created by a Training Specialist that is a				
	guide for the instructor on how to conduct a specific lesson, the				
	learning objectives, and how they will assess whether the learning				
	objectives were achieved by the class.				
Member:	All members of the JHPD, including employees, officers, and				
	volunteers, unless the term is otherwise qualified (e.g., member of				
	the public, member of the Baltimore Police Department, etc.).				
Officer:					
Unicer.	All sworn police officers, at any rank, as defined by MD Code,				
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Remedial Training: Specialized Training: Training Needs	<ul> <li>Public Safety, § 3-201, in service with the JHPD.</li> <li>Personalized training to correct a specific deficiency, which is usually identified by either testing or other evaluation in the course of training or supervisory evaluation during routine job performance.</li> <li>Training that provides skill-level advancement to enhance a member's overall potential for upward mobility, career development, member retention, or job satisfaction.</li> <li>An analysis of the JHPD's existing training content and current law</li> </ul>				
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### **Policy**

The JHPD recognizes that quality training ensures individual effectiveness, provides unity of purpose, and helps to prepare members to act in a manner that is consistent with law and the

JHPD's directives and inspires public trust during a broad range of situations. Training for members of the JHPD will include the design and delivery of instructional content that is aligned with the adult learning principles of self-direction, transformation, experience, mentorship, mental orientation, motivation, and readiness. All members of the JHPD will meet or exceed the training requirements mandated by the MPTSC, the Community Safety and Strengthening Act, and the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the JHPD and the Baltimore Police Department (BPD), dated December 2, 2022.

## **Core Principles**

- I. <u>21st-Century Policing</u>: The JHPD delivers modern, progressive training that develops autonomous police officers with a mastery of modern methods for safe and effective community- and problem-oriented policing. Instructional delivery will instill in trainees self-confidence in their work and understanding regarding the key role constitutional, bias-free practices have in the maintenance of community relations.
- **II.** <u>Adult Learning:</u> Training programs are structured around adult learning principles, which take into consideration a trainee's previous life, educational and occupational experience, socioeconomic background, cultural heritage, and learning styles. Instructional methods will seek to exercise the adult learner's cognitive, psychomotor, and audiovisual skills to foster problem-solving capabilities and self-confidence in resolving situations of ambiguity.

### **Procedures**

### I. Organization & Administration

The management and operation of the JHPD training function is vested with the JHPS Training Section for all JHPD members.

- A. Implementation of the training function shall be the responsibility of the Director for Public Safety Training and includes planning, developing, evaluating, and revising training programs to ensure that the programs are relevant, beneficial, and consistent with the mission, guiding principles, and goals of the JHPD.
  - The Director will utilize all available and relevant resources in developing training programs, to include but not limited to:
    - Inspection reports,
    - Staff reports and meetings,
    - Training evaluations,
    - Participation and approval by the administration,
    - Internal Affairs investigative reports,
    - Use of force reports,

- Recommendations from supervisors based upon deficiencies, identified in work performance evaluations, and
- Consultation with field members regarding field observations, suggestions, and recommendations.
- **B.** Training Specialists research training topics, develop lesson plans, and provide daily instruction and classroom management. All Training Specialists and Adjunct Trainers will be certified by the MPTSC as General Instructors, in addition to completing any special instructor certifications.
- C. Training Specialists and Adjunct Trainers report directly to the Director for Public Safety Training. The Director as liaison with the MPTSC and any police training academy selected by the Chief of Police to provide entry-level or comparative compliance training to JHPD officers. The Director or their designee is also responsible for: (Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA) 33.2.3)
  - Monitoring individual member attendance at training sessions,
  - Maintaining all training records, to include PowerDMS,
  - Submitting all lesson plans, in-service approval applications, and training records to the MPTSC to ensure certification of standards,
  - Selecting and certifying instructors,
  - Obtaining MPTSC-approved entry-level training for all JHPD sworn candidates, and
  - Developing and delivering annual in-service training as mandated by the MPTSC. (CALEA 33.5.1)
- **D.** The Director for Public Safety Training shall review training programs regularly to ensure that they complement member and operational needs, ensuring lesson plans and learning materials are updated by Training Specialists as needed to account for new laws, court decisions, and new or updated directives.
- **E.** The Director for Public Safety Training is also responsible for ensuring that problems with physical facilities, materials, or training scheduling are addressed.
- F. Training Needs Analysis: To maintain a curriculum that continually aligns with the JHPD's mission and guiding principles and includes relevant and realistic member tasks, the JHPS Training Section will conduct a TNA every three years. The TNA shall include a review of the following:
  - Student course evaluations,
  - Legal updates,

- Updates to the JHPD Written Directive System,
- Best practices,
- Complaints against JHPD members,
- Crime trends impacting the campus community,
- Use of force reviews,
- Recommendations from the Performance Review Board, and
- Trends in member performance.
- **G.** The Training Advisory Committee (described below) shall review the completed TNA and submit additional recommendations to the Chief of Police.
- **H.** Upon conclusion of the training year, an accounting will be made to the Chief of Police, reflecting the number of persons trained and the extent of the training provided.

### II. <u>Training Advisory Committee</u>

Annually, by December 1, the Chief of Police will appoint a Training Advisory Committee to assist the Director for Public Safety Training in the identification of training needs and the development of training programs. (CALEA 33.1.1.b, c)

# **A.** Role and Authority of the Training Advisory Committee (CALEA 33.1.1.a, b, e)

The Training Advisory Committee is granted authority by the Chief of Police to serve in an advisory capacity and consists of seven members:

- Captain (chairperson),
- One member from Patrol,
- One member from Investigations,
- One member from Community Engagement,
- One member from Special Events,
- One Training Specialist who is also a certified MPTSC instructor, selected by the Director for Public Safety Training, and
- One member of the Johns Hopkins Accountability Board.

#### **B. Duties and Responsibilities of the Committee** (CALEA 33.1.1.c, d, e)

The Training Advisory Committee receives input from all members of the JHPD and reviews training programs annually to ensure that they are responsive to member and operational needs, in agreement with legal requirements, and aligned with the JHPD's mission, guiding principles, and other directives. The Training Advisory Committee chairperson will prepare and submit an evaluation to the Chief of Police no later than March 15. The purpose of the evaluation is to ensure:

- Current training program performance objectives are being satisfied,
- Proposed training is job related, effective, and timely, and
- Training opportunities and resources that may supplement or improve existing training programs are identified.
- **C.** The Training Advisory Committee reports to the Chief of Police through the Captain of Support Services.

### III. Lesson Plans

The proper development of lesson plans ensures that the subject to be covered is addressed completely and accurately and is properly sequenced with other training materials. Lesson plans establish the purpose of the instruction, set performance objectives, and relate the training to critical job tasks. Lesson plans clearly outlining the content of the training are required for all training courses and include provisions for the following: (CALEA 33.1.4.b)

- **A. Format:** Lesson plans are developed and formatted as required by the MPTSC to include:
  - An anticipatory set,
  - Instructional techniques to be used—for example, lecture, group discussion, panel, seminar, debate, role-play, hands-on activities, demonstrations, or practical skills,
  - Performance objectives,
  - Instruction,
  - Modeling techniques,
  - Guided practice, and
  - Closure and evaluation of learning.
- **B.** Anticipatory Set: This is an activity that will help the learners get motivated and shift gears from previous activities. It must relate to the concept being learned.
- C. Performance Objectives: Performance objectives are the basis of all beneficial and successful training programs. The utilization of performance objectives acquaints the training participants with the information they are required to know, the skills that must be demonstrated, and the circumstances under which the skills will be used. This approach enables the instructors to relate training directly to the

member job performance expected by supervisors. Performance objectives should: (CALEA 33.1.4.a)

- Focus on the knowledge, skills, abilities, and other attributes of the job analysis for which training is needed,
- Provide a clear statement of what is to be learned, and
- Provide a basis for evaluating the effectiveness of the training program.
- **D. Instructional Techniques:** All JHPD training will incorporate a diversity of adult learning approaches and learner-centered teaching techniques to help facilitate an inclusive learning environment and positive student experience. These include but may not be limited to: (CALEA 33.1.4.b)
  - Field experiences (field trips, interviews, operational experiences, and observations),
  - Facilitated group discussions,
  - Interactive activities (quizzes, games, partner discussion/collaboration),
  - Individual decision-making exercises,
  - Analysis of scenarios (case studies, body-worn camera footage, and video, audio, or verbal descriptions of situations), and
  - Simulations, role-playing, and other realistic scenarios or activities that emphasize the use of real-world, pragmatic skills.
- E. Review and Approval: The Director for Public Safety Training is responsible for the review and approval of all lesson plans before the training is given. This procedure ensures that the lesson plans are consistent with JHPD guidelines on lesson plan development, satisfy the MPTSC requirements, and coincide with JHPD directives. (CALEA 33.1.4.c)
  - Instructors or Training Specialists planning to conduct any inservice training programs will submit their curriculum and lesson plans to the Director for Public Safety Training for review and approval by the MPTSC at least 20 business days prior to the start of the program.
- F. Testing Procedures: For all training programs and certifications, instructors or Training Specialists will prepare tests based on the performance objectives to measure the trainees' knowledge, skill, and abilities. A passing score is 85%, except for testing associated with JHPD Directive #401, De-escalation, and JHPD Directive #402, Use of Force, for which 100% is passing. If the passing score is modified, participants will be notified of such a change at the beginning of the training. The

Director for Public Safety Training will review and approve all tests in advance. (CALEA 33.1.4.d)

- <u>Virtual & Web-Based Learning</u>: MPTSC courses that are presented and tested through an online or e-learning environment will require a minimum score of 85%.
- **G. Student Course Evaluation:** Immediately following a JHPD-led training session, course participants will be assigned a student course evaluation by the LMS, PowerDMS. The evaluation provides learners an opportunity to anonymously rate the course's effectiveness.
  - Evaluations will be used by the JHPS Training Section to ensure the effectiveness of the training session.
  - Members attending external training will be required to submit an evaluation to the Director for Public Safety Training with their test scores and any certification provided.

### IV. <u>Attendance</u>

- A. The Director for Public Safety Training shall monitor member attendance at all training programs, including training outside the JHPD. Members shall report to their scheduled training assignments at the designated time in the designated or proper attire and with all the required equipment consistent with this Directive.
  - Attendance records must be maintained for each member attending all departmental training. The Director for Public Safety Training is responsible for maintaining a class roster to document the participation of all those attending. (CALEA 33.1.7.b)
- **B.** Members may be excused from attending a training program for court appearances, illness, or conflicts in scheduling only upon proper notification to their supervisor and the Director for Public Safety Training or their designee. Excused absences may not exceed 20% of the course duration. Absences of more than 20% require that the portion of the course missed be repeated within 30 days. If a member is unable to complete the rescheduled session within 30 days, they must repeat the entire course.
  - Any unexcused absence from the scheduled training course will result in a records management system entry for misconduct investigation. Failure to attend mandatory training or obtain passing scores on testing will result in employment consequences including suspension and possible termination. (CALEA 33.1.2)
- **C.** All members attending outside training courses must provide the Director for Public Safety Training with any course certificates or diplomas to be maintained in their permanent training files. (CALEA 33.1.7)

• Additionally, members attending outside training courses are responsible for providing the Director for Public Safety Training with any certification numbers (for example, MPTSC "P" numbers) and test scores from the course. This information will be submitted to the Director for Public Safety Training within seven days of course completion. (CALEA 33.1.7.c)

### V. Entry-Level Training & Orientation

- **A.** All newly hired police officer candidates must successfully complete an MPTSC-certified police entry-level training academy that is a minimum of 850 hours prior to appointment to any assignment in which the officer is authorized to carry a firearm or has arrest powers. The staff of the academy attended will ensure that all training objectives required by the MPTSC are successfully achieved. (CALEA 33.4.1)
  - JHPD officer candidates assigned to a police entry-level training academy and lateral police officer applicants attending a comparative compliance training course report to the Director for Public Safety Training or their designee for all administrative and logistical needs but receive daily direction from the academy staff in accordance with the Student Rules and Regulations Handbook.

#### **B.** General Acceptance Program (GAP) Training (CALEA 33.2.4)

All JHPD officers must attend and successfully complete the General Acceptance Program (GAP) training. GAP training is completed in addition to and immediately following any required entry-level or comparative compliance training. GAP training is designed to orient new and lateral officers to the Johns Hopkins community and the JHPD's mission, values, and guiding principles. GAP training also provides instruction on JHPD rules, procedures, and statutory requirements unique to the JHPD. Additional GAP training topics include but are not limited to:

- Nationally recognized best practices in performance expectations, accountability measures, response to persons with behavioral health conditions or in crisis, fair and impartial policing, deescalation, use of force, stops, searches, arrests, and law enforcement peer intervention,
- Cultural responsiveness and diversity, equity, and inclusion in police decision-making with the BPD Equity Office and Educational and Training Unit, and
- To ensure that all members are familiar with the diverse populations that makes up the Johns Hopkins community, a facilitated discussion with the Johns Hopkins Accountability Board and other community members.

#### C. Field Training & Evaluation Program

The Field Training and Evaluation Program is an integral part of the overall training provided to newly hired JHPD officers and provides supervised on-the-job training and evaluation in the trainee's application of their classroom and practical learning. Field training and subsequent evaluation develops highly trained police officers and provides each probationary officer on-the-job training under the guidance, direction, and evaluation of experienced officers and supervisors. (CALEA 33.2.5)

• All field training is conducted in accordance with JHPD Directive #306, Field Training & Evaluation Program.

### VI. <u>Continued Education & Training</u>

#### A. Police In-Service Training (CALEA 33.5.1)

The JHPD is committed to the continued development of police officers through regular, dynamic training that meets or exceeds MPTSC requirements. The MPTSC has established the following guidelines for the certification of law enforcement officers in the state of Maryland.

- At minimum, all MPTSC-certified law enforcement officers must receive at least 18 hours of in-service training each calendar year. This training must be approved by the MPTSC in advance and will also include specific topics as mandated by the commission. In addition to these requirements, the Director for Public Safety Training is responsible for providing the most up-to-date training available to ensure that officers are prepared to effectively perform their duties.
  - <u>Annual Firearms Qualification</u>: The MPTSC mandates that each sworn law enforcement officer in the state of Maryland be qualified on an approved course of fire every calendar year. Each course of fire submitted to the commission for approval must contain certain specific areas of performance as mandated by the commission.
- In accordance with the MOU between the JHPD and BPD, officers will also participate in refresher training on topics that include fair and impartial policing, de-escalation, use of force, stops, searches, arrests, and other topics assigned to BPD by the Department of Justice monitoring process.

#### **B.** Specialized Training (CALEA 33.6.1)

Specialized training provides the necessary knowledge, skills, and abilities to enhance those received through basic entry-level or in-service training programs. Positions requiring specialized training may include but are not limited to:

- MPTSC Instructor
- Firearms Instructor
- Investigator
- Police Cyclist
- In addition to supervised on-the-job training, initial training for specialized positions should include the following: (CALEA 33.6.1.c)
  - Development or enhancement of the specialization's skills, knowledge, and abilities, (CALEA 33.6.1.a)
  - Management, administration, supervision, personnel policies, and support services of the function or component, (CALEA 33.6.1.b)
  - Performance standards of the function or component, and
  - JHPD rules, procedures, regulatory issues, and legal issues specifically related to the function or component.
- In addition to developing specific skills, members assigned to specialized activities should be made aware of the administrative requirements of the specialized function and its relationships to other parts of the JHPD.
- Upon transfer to any specialized position, members are provided supervised on-the-job training immediately, typically followed by specialized training within 180 days after assignment or as required by MPTSC standards.

#### C. Daily Briefing Training (CALEA 33.5.2)

Daily briefing training provides for dissemination of current information and training to members between formally scheduled training sessions. To be effective, daily briefing training must be professionally managed and supervised. To accomplish this goal, the following guidelines shall be followed to ensure that the training provided meets the highest possible standards:

- <u>Planning</u>: Planning of daily briefing training shall be the responsibility of the shift supervisor or the JHPS Training Section so that specific needs of that section or the JHPD may be addressed and conducted on an as-needed basis. Daily briefing training important to all JHPD members shall be conducted through a Training Specialist or supervisors.
- <u>Techniques</u>: Techniques used for daily briefing training may include lectures, group discussions, hands-on training, demonstrations, modules, or the use of audiovisual materials.
- <u>Instructional Members</u>: Informal training sessions may be conducted by shift supervisors, MPTSC-certified instructors, or

other members who have specific expertise with the materials being presented.

- <u>Attendance</u>: Shift supervisors shall ensure that all members assigned to their shift attend the daily briefing training and shall forward all attendance rosters to the Director for Public Safety Training. Officers shall be responsible for promptly attending the training as scheduled and bringing with them all appropriate materials required to complete the program or e-learning.
- **D. Promotional Training:** All recently promoted first-line supervisors and administrators will receive promotional training as mandated by the MPTSC. (CALEA 33.8.2) All newly promoted Lieutenants and Captains who have not completed a nationally recognized law enforcement leadership program will be required to successfully complete leadership training within one year of their promotion.
- **E.** Legal Updates: All sworn members will receive annual training on new and revised laws as part of annual in-service training, as well as pertinent court decisions affecting the applications of laws. (CALEA 33.5.1)
- **F. Ethics Training:** All members of the JHPD will receive initial and ongoing ethics training. (CALEA 1.1.2)
  - At minimum, all members will review this Directive annually and complete an acknowledgment using PowerDMS or its successor.

### VII. <u>Training of Nonsworn Members</u>

- **A.** All newly appointed members shall receive the following training:
  - Orientation to the JHPD role, purpose, goals, policies, and procedures (CALEA 33.7.1.a)
  - Working conditions and regulations (CALEA 33.1.7.b)
  - Responsibilities and rights of members (CALEA 33.7.1.c)
- **B.** The training of nonsworn members will be provided jointly between JHU Human Resources, the JHU Office of Institutional Equality, and the JHPD training staff. Nonsworn members will be trained to meet or exceed the job requirements identified by their job description and class specification.

### C. Nonsworn Positions Requiring Specialized Training:

Training for nonsworn members who work with the public will include not only the skills necessary to perform the technical aspects of their jobs but also tools to assist in developing the skills to enhance the service provided by the JHPD to the residents and visitors to Baltimore City and the campus community.

- Some nonsworn positions have narrow law enforcement support responsibilities that require specialized training to access the Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) and communicate with the National Crime Information Center computer network. This training requires attendance at the State of Maryland CJIS training in accordance with state and federal law. Positions in this category may include: (CALEA 33.7.2)
  - Data entry clerks,
  - Warrant verification clerks, and
  - Principal administrative aides.
- **D.** In-service training for nonsworn members is the responsibility of the Director for Public Safety Training and the supervisor to whom the member is assigned. This training should be designed to update skills and increase knowledge of existing and new job responsibilities.
  - Civilian members are also encouraged to participate in many training programs offered by Johns Hopkins through My Learning and Learning Solutions.

### VIII. <u>Remedial Training</u> (CALEA 33.1.5)

- A. Remedial training is directed at addressing a particular deficiency in work performance or knowledge in a specific area. The circumstances and criteria used to evaluate the need for remedial training for JHPD members include but are not limited to test scores, on-the-job performance, or requests from a supervisor.
- **B.** JHPD Officers: Any supervisor or authorized training instructor may recommend remedial training, and the member's shift commander may require an officer under their command to submit to remedial training, when circumstances indicate the officer has violated a JHPD directive or may otherwise benefit from remedial training. Remedial training shall not replace discipline where potential misconduct has occurred. In such instances, remedial training may be recommended or required to supplement whatever results from the disciplinary process.
  - Deficiencies in the following areas shall be brought to the immediate attention of the Chief of Police, the Director of Human Resources for JHPS, and the Director for Public Safety Training: (CALEA 33.1.5)
    - Proficiency or safety with any issued firearm or defensive weapon,
    - Driving techniques,
    - First aid administration,

- Failure of an MPTSC-required test, and
- Any other significant performance deficiencies.
- Any officer failing to demonstrate proficiency with a weapon will not be returned to duty with that weapon until proficiency is demonstrated.
  - Remedial firearms training and proficiency recertification will be completed in conformance with JHPD Directive #403, Authorized Defensive Weapons.
- Remedial training shall be completed within 30 days of assignment unless otherwise directed by the Chief of Police. (CALEA 33.1.5.b)
- C. Nonsworn Members: A supervisor or Training Specialist may recommend remedial training, and the member's shift commander may require a nonsworn member under their command to submit to remedial training, when circumstances indicate that the member has violated a JHPD directive or may otherwise benefit from remedial training. Remedial training shall not replace discipline where potential misconduct has occurred. In such instances, remedial training may be recommended or required to supplement whatever results from the disciplinary process.
- **D.** In most cases, remedial training will be initiated as soon as possible following a proficiency failure, documented deficient job performance, or request from a supervisor.
- **E.** Members who fail remedial training and testing may be placed in an administrative assignment by the Director of Human Resources for JHPS pending a deficiency disposition.
- **F.** Documentation of all remedial training will be maintained in the member's training file and a copy shared with their immediate supervisor for performance coaching and management. (CALEA 33.1.5.a)

### IX. <u>Training Requests</u>

In addition to any mandatory training assigned by the JHPD, members may request to attend other training programs by submitting a training request through the PowerDMS system. All requests must be submitted at least 60 days prior to the program start date and must include all program and reimbursement expenses.

- A. Approval may be based on one or more of the following criteria:
  - Value of training,
  - Relevance to the needs of the JHPD,
  - Cost of training/travel,
  - Follow-up training, or

- Relevance of training to duty assignment, supported by written endorsement from the member's supervisor.
  - The endorsement shall attest to the training's suitability in relation to the member.
- **B.** Disapproval may be the result of one or more of the following:
  - Lack of funds,
  - Same or similar training offered at less expense locally,
  - Years of service remaining,
  - Training identified as inadequate or irrelevant, or
  - Lack of endorsement from supervisor.
- **C.** Each step of the training request approval process will give the relevant approver five calendar days to respond to the request. The member submitting the request can check the status of the request through PowerDMS.
- **D.** Once the Director for Public Safety Training receives the endorsed training request through PowerDMS, they will present any request that is not currently authorized or recognized by the JHPD to the Chief to determine feasibility of the training in terms of costs and benefits to the agency.

#### **E. Reimbursement for Training Expenses** (CALEA 33.1.3)

When attending authorized training outside the local travel area, members will complete and submit a request for reimbursement in accordance with JHU's policy <u>Business Expenses Related to University Travel (PRO005)</u>.

- Registration fees will be prepaid.
- Expenditure claims must be supported by original itemized receipts, or they will not be honored.
- Lodging, transportation, and meal expenses are authorized for nonlocal travel and must be preapproved.
- Personal items, alcoholic beverages, entertainment, flight insurance, and expenses of the member's family are not authorized expenditures.
- Upon return from traveling, the member will be required to submit a brief report on the meeting, conference, or training session attended within 14 business days of the member's return.
  - The Director for Public Safety Training shall be the recipient of these reports and will submit a biannual report to the Chief of Police and Training Advisory Committee indicating who is receiving training, types of training

received, and evaluation of the costs incurred as part of the strategic/budget planning process.

• When directed by the Director for Public Safety Training, any member who attends outside training shall be present at a daily briefing on the training.

### X. Instructor Training

A knowledgeable and well-trained educator can set a positive tone in a classroom and create an engaging and fulfilling learning experience for class participants. Selection of qualified instructors is critical to the operation of a successful training program. This selection process shall ensure that the instructor candidate possesses the skills, knowledge, and abilities necessary to be an effective teacher.

- **A. Instructor Qualifications:** Instructors must meet the following qualifications:
  - A minimum of five years' experience in the law enforcement community,
  - A minimum of a bachelor's degree from an accredited university or college in criminal justice or other applicable major,
  - Clearly demonstrated skill in the subject matter in which they will instruct,
  - Interpersonal skills to communicate to a variety of people in a clear and concise manner, and
  - The ability to successfully complete an instructor's course and satisfy all other requirements mandated by the MPTSC.
- **B. Minimum Training:** Instructors who teach in any mandated or approved program shall possess an instructor certificate sanctioned by the MPTSC. The certificate shall certify that the applicant has completed an instructor training program of at least 35 hours in duration, which contains the following subject matter areas: (CALEA 33.3.1)
  - Introduction to the basic concepts of learning and teaching, (CALEA 33.3.1.c)
  - Introduction to the role of training in the law enforcement profession,
  - Effective speech techniques,
  - Resource availability, (CALEA 33.3.1.e)
  - Preparation and use of audiovisual training,
  - Development of behavioral and performance objectives, (CALEA 33.3.1.b)

- Testing and evaluation techniques, (CALEA 33.3.1.d)
- Development of lesson plans, (CALEA 33.3.1.a)
- Laboratory experience in presentation of mock lesson plans, and
- The use of adult learning techniques and strategies.
- C. Trainer Observation and Evaluation: To ensure learners have the best experience possible, the Director for Public Safety Training or their designee shall use the MPTSC Instructor Observation and Evaluation Form to formally evaluate all Training Specialists and Adjunct Trainers at least once annually.
  - New Training Specialists and Adjunct Trainers may be evaluated multiple times in one year to assess progress in training skills.
- **D.** Selection of Outside Instructors: The availability of instructors from outside resources such as other law enforcement and criminal justice agencies provides an excellent opportunity to obtain training valuable to JHPD members. Instructors shall be selected and supervised by the Director for Public Safety Training. Recommendations from all sources will be considered in the process of selecting outside instructors. All outside instructors will be certified instructors or meet one of the exceptions as specified by the MPTSC. Compensation for outside instructors will be addressed on an individual basis.

### XI. Training Records

The Director for Public Safety Training is responsible for the collection and maintenance of all training records for JHPD members. Any training that is authorized and completed outside the training facility will be submitted to the Director for Public Safety Training upon completion. Training records should include the date of the training, the types of training received, the certificate awarded, attendance, and test scores. (CALEA 33.1.6)

- A. It is the responsibility of all members attending outside training courses to provide the Director for Public Safety Training with any course certificates or diplomas received. In addition, members completing any training or course work such as seminars, conferences, or college classes will submit certificates of completion to be maintained as a permanent record in their training file.
- **B.** It shall be the responsibility of the Director for Public Safety Training to maintain records of all training classes provided, to include:
  - Lesson plans, (CALEA 33.1.7.a)
  - Student attendance rosters, and (CALEA 33.1.7.b)
  - Performance of the attendees as measured by tests. (CALEA 33.1.7.c)

**C.** Training records are confidential personnel records. Only persons authorized by law will have access to these records.

### **Policy Enforcement**

Enforcement	The Chief of Police, Director for Public Safety Training, and JHPD managers and supervisors are responsible for enforcing this Directive.
Reporting	Suspected violations of this Directive should be reported to the Director
Violations	for Public Safety Training, Training Advisory Committee, and Public Safety Accountability Unit.

### **Related Resources**

University Policies and Documents		
Personnel Procedure #306, Field Training & Evaluation Program		
Operational Procedure #401, De-escalation		
Operational Procedure #402, Use of Force		
Operational Procedure #403, Authorized Defensive Weapons		
Business Expenses Related to University Travel (PRO005)		
External Documentation		
Police Department Forms and Systems		

### Contacts

Subject Matter	Office Name	Telephone Number	Email/Web Address
Policy Clarification and Interpretation	Policy Management	(667)306-8618	jhpdpolicyinquiry@jh.edu